



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/767,421 Michael J. Shamblott JHU1750-1 9551 01/22/2001 **EXAMINER** 11/16/2004 7590 LISA A. HAILE, Ph.D. CROUCH, DEBORAH GRAY CARY WARE & FREIDENRICH LLP ART UNIT **PAPER NUMBER**

Suite 1100 4365 Executive Drive San Diego, CA 92121-2133

DATE MAILED: 11/16/2004

1632

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
|--|---|--|
| | 09/767,421 | SHAMBLOTT ET AL. |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Deborah Crouch, Ph.D. | 1632 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communicati | ion appears on the cover sheet wit | h the correspondence address |
| Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATORY - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicator of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) date of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, the Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | TION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reation. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty ry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT by statute, cause the application to become ABA | ONTH(S) FROM uply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or | | |
| | ☐ This action is non-final. | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-33 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) 33 is/are witho 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-13 and 15-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction | drawn from consideration. | |
| Application Papers | | ·- · |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Example 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by | accepted or b) objected to be to the drawing(s) be held in abeyant correction is required if the drawing(s) | ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| | the Examiner. Note the attached | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document of the copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certifie | cuments have been received. cuments have been received in A he priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | pplication No received in this National Stage |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | <i>'</i> — | Summary (PTO-413) |
| Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4//9/04. | 5.07 | s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) —. |

Art Unit: 1632

Applicant's arguments filed June 7, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The amendment has been entered.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The claims are drawn to a human embryonic body-derived cell culture that comprises cells which do not cause formation of a teratoma when injected into SCID mice and at least some of which simultaneously express polypeptide or mRNA markers that are characteristic of at least two different cell types, wherein the cell types are selected from the group consisting of an ectodermal cell, a mesodermal cell and an endodermal cell. The claims are product by process claims: a cell culture derived from human embryoid body cells. "Derived" in its broadest meaning includes cells that are differentiated from cells isolated from EB's. Further, claim 1 requires that the cells "simultaneously express polypeptide or mRNA markers that are characteristic of at least two cell types." Thus a cell that expresses any one marker that is found on an ectodermal, mesodermal or endodermal cell falls within the scope of the claim. Any cell of the body is ultimately an ectodermal, mesodermal or endodermal cell.

Claims 1-5, 9-13, 15, 16 and 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Allsopp et al (1995) Exper. Cell Res. 219, pp. 130-136.

Allsopp teaches a culture of clonal human fibroblast cells (page 131, col. 1, parag. 2). As claims 1, 3-5, 9-13, 15, 16 and 18-20 encompass the differentiated products of human EB cells, fibroblasts produced by another means anticipate the claims. Further, the

Art Unit: 1632

fibroblasts of Allsop would not form teratomas when injected into SCID mice, they simultaneously express nestin mRNA (as evidenced by Jiang) which is a marker of ectodermal, mesodermal and endodermal cells and more than one such marker appears on the surface of the fibroblast, fibroblasts inherently exhibit 30-60 population doublings, proliferate under cell culture conditions that are nonpermissive for proliferation of human embryonic germ cells, proliferate in media lacking LIF and/or a fibroblast feeder layer, are transfectable with a retrovirus or a lentivirus. Whether or not the fibroblasts of Allsopp are derived from tissue sources or from EB cells or a clonal EB cell does not alter the final product. Thus, Allsop clearly anticipates the claimed invention.

Claims 1, 6 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Jin et al. (1993) Differentiation 54, pp. 47-54.

Jin teaches a culture of clonal human fetal myoblasts (page 49, col. 1, lines 8-10). Jin also teaches that the myoblasts expressed Myf6 (page 50, col. 1, parag. 1, lines 12-17). Myoblasts inherently express nestin, a marker also expressed by neural stem cell. This meets the limitation that the cells express polypeptide or mRNA markers characteristic of two different cell types. Myoblasts are a mesodermal cell and neural stem cells are an ectodermal cell. Thus, Jin clearly anticipates the claimed invention

Claims 1 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Suzuki et al (1996) Genomics 38, 283-290.

Suzuki teach a culture of human vascular myocytes which express GATA-4, a marker of cardiac muscle and gastrointestinal tissues composed of, respectively, mesodermal and endodermal cells. Thus, Suzuki clearly anticipates the claim because GATA-4 is s simultaneously expressed in human vascular myocytes and GATA-4 inherently is expressed in mesodermal and endodermal cells.

Art Unit: 1632

Claims 17, 19 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Damjanov et al (1993) Laboratory Invest. 68, pp 220-232.

Danjanov teaches a human germ cell tumor-derived cell line, which express both vimentin and α -fetoprotein (page 222, col. 1, parag. 2, lines 5-6 and Table 1; page 224, figure 6 and page 223, col. 2, lines 1-5). As the cells are transformed, they would inherently proliferate for at least thirty population doublings. A human germ cell line derived from EB cells as encompassed by the claims cannot be distinguished from the human germ cell tumor-derived cell line of Danjanov. Thus, Danjanov clearly anticipates the claimed invention.

Claims 1, 11-13 and 15-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Lefebvre et al (1998) Diabetes 47, pp. 134-137.

Claims 1, 11-13 and 15-19 contain as an embodiment cells which do not simultaneously express polypeptide or RNA makers that are characteristic of at least two different cell types. These claims state "at least some simultaneously ..."

Lefebvre teaches a culture of human pancreatic islet cells (page 134, col. 2, parag.

1). The markers expressed by human pancreatic islet cells are not characteristic of any two of ectodermal, endodermal or mesodermal cells. Thus, Lefebvre clearly anticipates the claimed invention.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 21-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shamblott in view of Yuen et al. (1998) Blood 91, pp. 3203-3209.

Art Unit: 1632

Shamblott teaches the production of a cystic embryoid bodies (EB's) from a culture of cells isolated from human primordial germ (PG)cells (page 13729, col. 1, parag. 1, lines 1-4, parag. 2, lines 1-3 and parag. 1, line 1 to col. 2, line 4). Shamblott further teaches that cells in the EB expressed markers of at least two different cell types such as endodermal and ectodermal markers (page 13729, col. 2, parag. 2). Shamblott teaches that human EG cells behave similarly to mouse ES and EG cells, such as in the formation of EB's, the structure of EB's, the outer layer of the EB's express α -fetoprotein and forming cells of all three germ layers (page 13729, col. 2, parag. 5, lines 3-12).

Yuen teaches the formation of EB's from mouse ES cells, the disaggregation of the EB's and the culture of EB cells in media comprising bFGF, 10% plasma derived serum and ascorbic acid and media comprising 10% fetal calf serum, ascorbic acid, bFGF, VEGF, IGF, and methylcellulose (page 3203, col. 1, parag. 1 and 2). This media is not permissive for EG cells and the media lacks LIF and a fibroblast feeder layer.

While Yuen does not teach the exact media, at the time of filing, optimization of culture conditions to obtain sustained cell growth were well known within the art. Further, the use of human growth factors to culture human PGC cells was taught by Shamblott (page 13727, col. 1, line 10). Also well known within the art at the time of filing, was the use of collagen I, human extracellular matrix and treated tissue culture plastic for the growth of stem cells.

The formation of clonal lines of ES cells was well known in the art at the time of filing to develop genetically identical, or nearly so, stem cell lines.

Shamblott teaches that the PG cells disclosed therein had been passaged 25 times, which is about 25 population doublings (page 13730, col. 1, parag. 1, lines 5-7). EG and ES cells were known in the art at the time of filing to be capable of indefinite growth such that 30 population doublings would be an obvious trait of EG and ES cells, or cells from EB's.

Art Unit: 1632

Shamblott offers motivation in stating that human pluripotent cells are needed to further define culture conditions and differential gene expression necessary for cell-type-specific differentiation and for the isolation of lineage-restricted stem cells for stem cell therapies (page 13730, col. 1, parag. 2, lines 4-8). The method claimed causes the formation of pluripotent stem cell cultures employing EB formation to increase total cell number. Yuen further offers motivation in demonstrating that EB cells can be differentiated into the hematopoietic lineage (page 3205, col. 2, parag. 1).

Therefore, at the time of filing, it would have been obvious to the ordinary artisan to make a human EBD cell culture as claimed comprising forming EB's, dissociating the EB's and culturing the EB cells under conditions where the cells express markers of more than one cell type as claimed. Sufficient teaching, suggestion and motivation were provided at the time of filing to make and use the invention as presently claimed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah Crouch, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0727. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th, 8:30 AM to 7:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amy Nelson can be reached on 571-272-0408. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 1632

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Deborah Crouch, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1632

November 15, 2004